### FTP4W API User Manual

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Send any comments to ark@ifh.sncf.fr.

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### Overview

FTP4W.DLL provides an implementation of the FTP protocol (specified in the RFC 959). It is a Windows Dynamic Library (DLL), which can be used by any language (and any compiler). It requires a Windows Sockets DLL (Winsock.DLL).

FTP4W provides four groups of functions:

Local Functions Connection functions Data transfer functions FTP Commands functions

The data transfer functions can be used in two modes:

If the application chooses the synchronous mode (set by the FtpSetSynchronousMode function), all the FTP4W calls will return when the task is finished. Each function returns an integer return-code.

If the application chooses the asynchronous mode (set by FtsetAsynchronousMode), the data transfer function (and FtpLogin) will return before the task has been done. The application must wait for a message posted by the DLL when the job is over. The message contains two arguments wParam and IParam (please refer to a Windows programmer's reference) which are used to pass information such as return codes. The functions return an integer which is FTPERR\_OK if the request is accepted, and an error code such as FTPERR\_NOTINITIALIZED if it is rejected (in this case the application will receive no message).

Synchronous functions have been implemented because some languages can not handle user defined messages, but it is recommended to use asynchronous versions.

Asynchronous calls give the application a way to follow the progress of a data transfer. The DLL posts a message for the application each time it receives a packet of data. This message contains two arguments:

> wParam: FALSE (operation not completed) IParam : number of bytes received/sent

The FTP4W calls do not need any handle to identify the FTP session. Rather, they use the Windows function **GetCurrentTask** to get a task identifier. This mechanisms avoids the use of a argument but it prohibits having more than one FTP session for a given task (note that if the same application is started twice, FTP4W will just see two differents tasks, so each application can have its own FTP session).

# Known bugs

This version of Ftp4w does not support the following stacks: - SPRY winsockets - LAN Workplace (Novell)

To run Ftp4w with LAN Workplace, the file Ftp4w.Dll should be replaced by Ftp4wLWP.Dll.

# Important changes

Since version 2.3, the WEP function does not free any resources.

### Programming with the FTP4W API

To use the FTP4W functions following files are provided:

- This reference
- The Help file written by Michael Douglass
- The DLL FTP4W.DLL
- The DLL to be used with Lan Workplace FTP4WLWP.DLL
- The 32 bits version FTP4W32.DLL
- A C-header file Ftp4w.h
- A Visual Basic header file Ftp4w.Vb
- A Toolbox header file Ftp4w.Tbx
- A library file FTP4W.LIB

The first function that an application should call is **FtpInit**. It allocates buffers and get some information about the task which has called it.

If the application wishes (or must) use the synchronous mode, it must *now* call the function **FtpSetSynchronousMode**.

The task is ready to make a connection with a FTP server. It must either

- Call FtpOpenConnection, FtpSendUserName and FtpSendPasswd
  - or just call **FtpLogin** (which combines the 3 functions).

If it succeeds the user is logged on and can use any of the other FTP4W functions. For Instance, the application can call **FtpDir** to read the contents of the remote directory.

To end the connection, the application must call **FtpCloseConnection**. If the function does **not** succeed (e.g. the network has been shut down), it must call **FtpLocalClose**.

In both cases, to release the allocated buffers, the application must call **FtpRelease** before it exits.

#### The FTP4W functions

This table lists alphabetically all the functions implemented in this version. The remainder of this chapter describes them one by one.

Ftp4wVer Gives the 2-part version of the DLL (packed into an int). FtpAbort Aborts the current data transfer FtpAppendToLocalFile Appends a remote file onto a local file FtpAppendToRemoteFile Appends a local file onto a remote file FtpBytesToBeTransferred Gives the length of the file which is to be received Gives number of bytes which have been received FtpBytesTransferred **FtpCDUP** "CD's" remote default dir UP to its parent directory FtpCloseConnection Ends a FTP session FtpCWD Changes the remote default directory FtpDataPtr Gives a pointer to the internal Ftp4w structure FtpDeleteFile Deletes a remote file FtpDir Gets the remote directory FtpGetFileSize Obsolete: see instead FtpBytesToBeTransferred FtpHelp Gets the help file of the host's FTP server FtpInit First function to be called FtpIsAsynchronousMode Checks if Ftp4w is in asynchronous mode FtpLocalClose **Closes local sockets** FtpLogin Combines Ftp-OpenConnection.SendUserName.SendPasswd FtpLogTo Enables/Disables logs Creates a remote directory FtpMKD FtpOpenConnection Makes an FTP connection **FtpPWD** Gets the remote default directory Sends a user-defined command to the server FtpQuote FtpRecvFile Retrieves a remote file Last function to be called, frees local resources FtpRelease FtpRestart Checks if the RESTART command is implemented FtpRestartRecvFile Receives an opened file from a given position FtpRestartSendFile Sends an opened file from a given position Removes a remote directory FtpRMD FtpSendAccount Sends user's account FtpSendFile Sends a local file to the remote host FtpSendPasswd Sends user's password FtpSendUserName Sends username FtpSetAsynchronousMode Switches to Asynchronous mode FtpSetDefaultPort Changes default FTP port FtpSetDefaultTimeOut Changes default time out FtpSetNewDelay Changes the delay between N frames **FtpSetNewSlices** Changes the above "N frames" number Set passive or active mode FtpSetPassiveMode FtpSetSvnchronousMode Switches to synchronous mode (default) FtpSetTvpe Changes the data representation type FtpSetVerboseMode Set verbose or silent mode FtpSyst Asks for the host system

### Ftp4wVer

Ftp4w returns the version number of the DLL, as an integer. The low order byte is the release number, the high order byte is the major version number.

The function copies in the users's buffer a string which contains information on the DLL (name, version, author, copyright). This string is guaranteed not to exceed 100 characters.

Syntax: Ftp4wVer(LPSTR szVerStr, int nStrSize) (LPSTR is a 32-bits pointer)

Arguments: szVerStr: a buffer which is to receive the version information nStrSize: its size

Return: an integer which contains the version.

# FtpAppendToLocalFile / FtpAppendToRemoteFile

See FtpRecvFile or FtpSendFile.

### FtpAbort

This function aborts a data transfer without breaking the connection.

This function returns immediately. The data transfer is actually aborted somewhat later, at which time that prior data transfer function (FtpDir, FtpRecvFile, FtpSendFile) returns.

It will return (either by return or PostMessage) a special error code (FTPERR\_CANCELBYUSER) which means that the transfer has been aborted.

The opened files are closed but not removed.

Syntax: FtpAbort ()

Return Codes: FTPERR\_OK

Abort is in progress

### FtpBytesTransferred / FtpBytesToBeTransferred

Syntax: long FtpBytesTransferred (void) long FtpBytesToBeTransferred (void)

FtpBytesTransferred returns the number of bytes which has been transferred. This number is reset for each new transfer; i.e. it is not cumulative.

FtpBytesToBeTransfered returns the total length of the file which is transfered. For ASCII transfers, it can be slightly different from the number of bytes to be received. Furthermore, if the result of this function is 0, it means that the FTP server did not send this information (Windows-NT server for instance).

Note: Since the previous versions spelled *Transfered* instead of *Transferred*, the functions *FtpBytesTransfered* and *FtpBytesTransfered* are still implemented for backwards compatibility.

# FtpCDUP

This function changes the remote default directory up to its parent directory.

Syntax: FtpCDUP ()

Return Codes: FTPERR_OK FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED FTPERR_SENDREFUSED FTPERR_NOREPLY	Directory has been changed CWD has failed (directory does not exists) Session has not been initialized by FtpInit User is not connected to a remote host FTP4W can not send the data (network is down) FTP4W has received no reply.
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received no reply. FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose). FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

### FtpCloseConnection

This function tries to close gracefully the connection. It will not succeed if a file transfer is in progress or if the server has timed-out. In this case, you must use FtpLocalClose.

Syntax: FtpCloseConnection (void)

Return Codes FTPERR_OK	FTP session has been closed
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
FTPERR UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose). FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
_	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

# FtpCWD

This function changes the default directory on the remote server.

Syntax: FtpCWD (LPSTR szPath)

Argument: szPath: name of the new directory

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	Directory has been changed
FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE	CWD has failed (directory does not exists)
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
-	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
-	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

# FtpDataPtr

FtpDataPtr returns the address of the internal structure LPProcData (see Ftp4w.h). This function is provided only for debugging purposes and should be use cautiously.

# FtpDeleteFile

This function deletes a remote file.

Syntax: FtpDeleteFile (LPSTR szFile)

Argument: szFile: name of the file to be deleted

Return Codes: FTPERR_OK FTPERR_FILELOCKED FTPERR_NOREMOTEFILE FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	File has been deleted File can not be deleted File has not been found File can not be deleted Session has not been initialized by FtpInit User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED FTPERR NOREPLY	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down) FTP4W has received no reply.
_	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

#### FtpDir

This function reads the remote directory.

#### \* Asynchronous Mode

It can be used in either of two ways:

- The function posts a message to the application each time a file name is received.

- The function fills a file with the file names and posts a message once the directory is terminated.

In the first case, the function posts a message with wParam=FALSE each time a data line has been received. IParam is a pointer on this line. The application must save the data because the next line sent by the server will overwrite it. The string is null-terminated and contains only one line (the ending <CR><LF> has been removed). The final message received by the application will have wParam=TRUE and IParam is the return code.

In the second case the dir is written in the file szFile. Once it is finished, FTP4W posts a message to the application.

### \* Synchronous Mode

FTPERR CANTWRITE

FTPERR CANTCREATESOCKET

The application must specify a file name, which will be filled with the remote directory. The functions returns an error code or FTPERR\_OK if it is successful. The two last arguments are ignored.

#### Syntax:

FtpDir (LPSTR szFilter, LPSTR szFile, BOOL bLongDir, HWND hWnd, WMSG wMsg);

Arguments: szFilter	Remote path and filename mask. Note that the wildcard expansion is dependent of the remote host and is not necessarily the same as MS DOS format. An empty string or NULL will give the current remote directory. szFile The file where the data is to be written, if szFile is NULL, the first mode is used (a message is posted each time a complete line has been received) bLongDir Allow the application to choose between the long or the short form of listing. The short form give only the name of the files, the format of the long form depends on the server. hWnd the handler of the windows to which the message is to be passed wMsg the application-defined message to be passed to the application
Return Codes: FTPERR_OK FTPERR_PASVCMI FTPERR_NOTINITI FTPERR_NOTCON FTPERR_SENDREI FTPERR_CANNOT FTPERR_CANTOP	ALIZEDsession has not been initialized by FtpInitNECTEDUser is not connected to a remote hostUSEDFTP4W can not send the data (network is down)CHANGETYPEThe server rejects the command TYPE ASCII

FTP4W can not write in local file (disk full) No more free sockets (Two sockets are needed)

FTPERR_TRANSFERREFUSED	the server refused the dir command
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose). FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

### FtpGetFileSize

Warning: This function has been obsoleted by FtpBytesToBeTransferred.

This function tries to get the size of the file which is to be received. It must be used immediatly after a FtpRecvFile, because it searches in the most recent reply, looking to see if the server has sent back the size of the file.

If the function succeeds, it returns the length of the file. (Note that in ASCII mode, it can be slightly different from the number of bytes FTP4W will receive). Otherwise, it returns 0.

This function is obsolete and should be replaced by FtpBytesToBeTransferred.

Syntax FtpGetFileSize()

returns DWORD.

### FtpInit

FtpInit must be called before any other function. It allocates buffers, reads information about the task which has called it and creates an invisible window for its internal use. Before it exits, the application must call **FtpRelease** to release these internal resources.

The function requires the handler of an application window (or NULL).

Syntax: FtpInit (HWND hParentWnd)

Argument: hParentWnd is the handle of an existing application window.

Return codes:

FTPERR\_OKInitialisation has been doneFTPERR\_INSMEMORYnot enough memoryFTPERR\_CANTCREATEWINDOWFtpInit can't create its windowFTPERR\_SESSIONUSEDThe task has already a FTP4W session

# FtplsAsynchronousMode

This function checks if Ftp4w is in asynchronous mode.

- Syntax: FtpIsAsynchronousMode()
- Return: TRUE if Ftp4w is in asynchronous mode, FALSE if Ftp4w is in synchronous mode.

### FtpLocalClose

This function closes the opened socket without warning the server. You must use this function only if FtpCloseConnection has failed.

Syntax: FtpLocalClose (void)

Return Codes: FALSE if the session has not been initialized by FtpInit Otherwise TRUE.

### FtpLogin

This function combines the three preceding functions. It completes the login procedure. If the current mode is "synchronous", FtpLogin will return when the job is over, and the two last arguments are unused. Otherwise ("asynchronous mode") it immediatly returns FTPERR\_OK, and then later, when the request is completed, the application will receive a wMsg message in the hWnd window.

The message will be followed by:

wParam: TRUE IParam: The return code of the function

Syntax:

FtpLogin(LPSTR szHost,LPSTR szUser,LPSTR szPass, HWND hWnd,WMSG wMsg)

Arguments: szHost: name of the remote host (the computer on which the server is running) szUser: name of the user szPass: Password (it can be NULL if the user has no password) hWnd is the handler of the windows to which the message is to be posted wMsg is the application-defined message to be posted to the application

Return Codes:

Return codes are in the Low Word of the IParam argument:

FTPERR_OK	User is logged on
FTPERR_ENTERACCOUNT	Successful function but server awaits an account name
FTPERR_LOGINREFUSED	The USER/PASSWD has been rejected
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
—	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
_	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.
FTPERR_CANTCREATESOCKET	The socket has not been created
FTPERR_CONNECTREJECTED	Connect has been rejected (server is not a FTP
	server,)
FTPERR_CANTCONNECT	The connect has failed
FTPERR_TIMEOUT	The connect has timed-out

### FtpLogTo

This function set or reset a log mode. In log mode, all data sent or received on the control port (21) are sent to the opened file passed as an argument. The frame which contains the password is logged as "PASS +++" for obvious reasons.

To set silent mode (default), just call **FtpLogTo (HFILE\_ERROR)**. Note that the file is not closed by Ftp4w.

Syntax: FtpLogTo (HFILE hLogFile)

Argument: hLogFile A opened file handler to be written to. HFILE\_ERROR to set silent mode.

### FtpMKD

This function creates a directory on the remote server. The full name of the new directory is returned in a user's buffer. If the FTP-server has succesfully created the directory but did not return its full name, this buffer is set to an empty string.

Syntax: FtpMKD (LPSTR szPath, LPSTR szBuf, UINT uBufSize)

Argument:	szPath:	name of the directory to be created
	szBuf:	Buffer to be filled with the full name of the created directory
	uBufSize:	Size of the user's buffer

# Return Codes:

FTPERR_OK	Directory has been created
FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE	MKD has failed (can not create directory, directory already exists,)
FTPERR NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
_	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

### FtpOpenConnection

This function establishes the connection with the FTP server. Once the connection is done, it waits for the reply of the server.

This reply must begin with "220" (RFC 959), if not a special error is generated.

FTP4W does not check to see if a connection already exists.

Syntax: FtpOpenConnection (LPSTR szHost)

Argument: szHost: The name of the remote host to connect to

Return codes:	Successful connection
FTPERR_OK	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	The socket has not been created
FTPERR_CANTCREATESOCKET	Connection has been rejected (server is not a FTP
FTPERR_CONNECTREJECTED	server,)
FTPERR_CANTCONNECT FTPERR_TIMEOUT FTPERR_NOREPLY FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	The connection has failed The connection has timed-out The connection is successful, but FTP4W has received no reply. FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose). The connection is successful and FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

# FtpPWD

This function returns the name of the default directory on the remote server.

Syntax: FtpPWD (LPSTR szPath, UINT uBufSize)

Argument:	szPath:	buffer to be filled with the name of the remote default directory
	uBufSize:	size of this buffer

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	Name of the remote directory
	available in the buffer
FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE	PWD has failed (directory does not exists)
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_PWDBADFMT	FTP4W can not interpret server's answer
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

### FtpQuote

It allows the user to send to the server any FTP command he wants. FTP4W will send it to the server and waits for its reply.

Note: The names of the commands given there are DIFFERENT from the commands you would type in by hand with a text-oriented FTP client. In fact, the ones you type in by hand are read by a higher-level "front end" to the REAL ftp, and that higher-level then translates them into shorter names.

To have the list of the codes accepted by the FTP servers, refers to the RFC 959.

Note: The application can not start a data-transfer with this command.

The return code is either a FTP code (ie 200) or a FTP4W error code (FTPERR\_NOREPLY, FTPERR\_SENDREFUSED, ...).

If szReplyBuf is not NULL, The reply (if any) is copied into a user's buffer.

Syntax FtpQuote (LPSTR szCmd, LPSTR szReplyBuf, UINT uBufSize);

Arguments:	szCmd	The command to be sent
	szReplyBuf	The buffer to copy the answer
	uBufSize	The size of the user's buffer

Return Codes: A Ftp4w's error code or a 3 digits number between 100 and 699.

#### FtpRecvFile / FtpAppendToLocaFile

Note : Since FtpAppendToLocalFile uses exactly the same syntax, only FtpRecvFile will be described. The only difference between them occurs when the local file already exists, in which case the Append function appends the remote file onto it, whereas the Recv function simply overwrites it.

This function copies a remote file to a local file. In the asynchronous mode, the function returns immediatly, then the application will receive a message when the transfer is completed with wParam=TRUE (transfer completed), IParam=return code. In the synchronous mode, the function returns when the transfer is completed.

In the notification mode, the application will receive a message each time some data has been received. The same message as above is used but wParam will be FALSE, IParam will be the current position in the file (it is also the number of bytes which have been received).

In synchronous mode, if bNotify has not been set, the final arguments hParentWnd and wMsg are not used.

If the local file already exists, The function FtpRecvFile over-writes it, whereas FtpAppendToLocalFile appends the remote file at the end of the file.

If the file does not exists, it is created in any case.

#### Syntax:

FtpRecvFile (LPSTR szRemote, LPSTR szLocal, char cType, BOOL bNotify, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg) FtpAppendToLocalFile (LPSTR szRemote, LPSTR szLocal, char cType, BOOL bNotify, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg)

Arguments: szRemote szLocal cType bNotify a frame	Remote file specification The file where to write the data. TYPE_A for ASCII, TYPE_B for binary A message should be sent by to the application each time	
	hWnd passed wMsg application	has been received. the handler of the windows to which the message is to be the application-defined message to be passed to the

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	File received
FTPERR_PASVCMDNOTIMPL	Server does not support passive mode
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_CANNOTCHANGETYPE	The server has rejected the command TYPE
FTPERR_CANTOPENFILE	Local file can not been open
FTPERR_CANTWRITE	FTP4W can not write in local file (disk full)
FTPERR_CANTCREATESOCKET	No more free sockets (Two sockets are needed)
FTPERR_TRANSFERREFUSED	the server refused the Retrieve command
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.

	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FtpLocalClose). FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

### FtpRelease

FtpRelease must be called before the application exits. It frees all resources taken by FtpInit. The function requires no arguments.

Syntax: FtpRelease ()

return codes:

FTPERR\_OK

Resources have been released

FTPERR\_STILLCONNECTED

The connection is still active. Nothing has been done.

### FtpRestart

This command makes the server to begin the next file transfer at the specified position. This command should be issued just prior a file transfer request, which is not possible with the high-level transfer functions. Therefore this is mostly an internal command. It has been exported since some servers does not support this command. Thus it is an easy way to check the server before starting any file transfer.

Syntax: FtpRestart (long lByteTransfer)

Argument : IByteTransfer Position of the next file transfer. If this value is negative or 0, the function does nothing and returns FTPERR\_RESTARTOK

return codes:

FTPERR_RESTARTOK	The command successful but it has no
—	effect.
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection
FTPERR_CMDNOTIMPLEMENTED	Command not implemented

#### FtpRestartRecvFile

This command starts a file transfer from a specified position. Please refer to the FtpRecvFile command to have more info concerning file transfers. This command should be used only in binary mode, since the position in a text file has little meaning.

Syntax: FtpRestartRecvFile (LPSTR szRemote, HFILE hLocal, char cType, BOOL bNotify, long lByteCount, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg);

Arguments :	szRemote hLocal	The remote file to be received A Windows handler to an opened file which is to be written	
		сТуре	TYPE_A for ASCII, TYPE_B for binary
		bNotify a frame	A message should be sent by to the application each time
			has been received.
		lByteCount	Starting position of the transfer
		hWnd wMsg	the handler of the windows to which to pass the message the application-defined message to pass to the application

Syntax: FtpRestartSendFile (HFILE hLocal, LPSTR szRemote, char cType, BOOL bNotify, long lByteCount, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg);

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	File received
FTPERR_PASVCMDNOTIMPL	Server does not support passive mode
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_CANNOTCHANGETYPE	The server has rejected the command TYPE
FTPERR_CANTOPENFILE	Local file can not been open
FTPERR_CANTWRITE	FTP4W can not write in local file (disk full)
FTPERR_CANTCREATESOCKET	No more free sockets (Two sockets are needed)
FTPERR_TRANSFERREFUSED	the server refused the Retrieve command
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

### FtpRestartSendFile

This command starts a file transfer from a specified position. Please refer to the FtpSendFile command to have more info concerning file transfers.

This command should be used only in binary mode, since the position in a text file has little meaning.

Syntax: FtpRestartSend	BOOL bl	Local, LPSTR szRemote, char cType, Notify, long IByteCount, ParentWnd, UINT wMsg);
Arguments : hLocal		nandler to an opened file which is to be read. Ftp4w
		ding this file from the current position.
szRemote	The remote file to be written from the position IByteCount.	
	сТуре	TYPE_A for ASCII, TYPE_B for binary
	bNotify a frame	A message should be sent by to the application each time
		has been received.
	lByteCount hWnd wMsg	Starting position of the transfer the handler of the windows to which to pass the message the application-defined message to pass to the application

Syntax: FtpRestartSendFile (HFILE hLocal, LPSTR szRemote, char cType, BOOL bNotify, long lByteCount, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg);

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	File has been sent
FTPERR_PASVCMDNOTIMPL	Server does not support passive mode
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_CANNOTCHANGETYPE	The server rejects the command TYPE ASCII
FTPERR_CANTOPENFILE	Local file can not been open
FTPERR_CANTWRITE	FTP4W can not write in local file (disk full)
FTPERR CANTCREATESOCKET	No more free sockets (Two sockets are needed)
FTPERR_TRANSFERREFUSED	the server refused the STOR command
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
_	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
-	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

## FtpRMD

This function removes a directory from the remote server.

Syntax: FtpRMD (LPSTR szPath)

Argument: szPath: name of the directory to be deleted

Return Codes: FTPERR_OK FTPERR_SERVERCANTEXECUTE FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED FTPERR_SENDREFUSED FTPERR_NOREPLY	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit User is not connected to a remote host FTP4W can not send the data (network is down) FTP4W has received no reply.
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose). FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

## FtpSendAccount

This function sends the account to the server. This function should be used when FtpLogin or FtpSendPasswd return FTP\_ENTERACCOUNT.

Syntax: FtpSendAccount (LPSTR szAccount)

Argument: szAccount: Account information

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	User is logged on
FTPERR_LOGINREFUSED	The USER/PASSWD/ACCOUNT has been rejected
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
—	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

#### FtpSendFile / FtpAppendToRemoteFile

Note : Since FtpAppendToRemoteFile uses exactly the same syntax, only FtpSendFile will be described. The only difference between them occurs when the remote already exists, in which case the Append function appends the local file onto it, whereas the Send function simply overwrites it.

This function copies a local file to a remote file.

The application will receive a message when the transfer is completed with wParam=TRUE (transfer completed), IParam=return code. In the synchronous mode, the function returns only after the transfer has been completed.

In the notification mode, the application will receive a message each time some data has been sent. The same message as above is used but wParam will be FALSE, IParam will be the current position in the file (it is also the number of bytes which have been sent).

In synchronous mode, if bNotify has not been set, the final arguments (hParentWnd and wMsg) are not used.

Syntax:

FtpSendFile (LPSTR szLocal, LPSTR szRemote, char cType, BOOL bNotify, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg) FtpAppendToRemoteFile (LPSTR szLocal, LPSTR szRemote, char cType, BOOL bNotify, HWND hParentWnd, UINT wMsg)

Arguments:	szLocal	The file to be sent
	szRemote	Remote file specification
	сТуре	TYPE_A for ASCII, TYPE_B for binary
	bNotify a frame	A message should be sent by to the application each time
		has been received.
	hWnd wMsg	the handler of the windows to which to pass the message the application-defined message to pass to the application

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	File has been sent
FTPERR_PASVCMDNOTIMPL	Server does not support passive mode
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_CANNOTCHANGETYPE	The server rejects the command TYPE ASCII
FTPERR_CANTOPENFILE	Local file can not been open
FTPERR_CANTWRITE	FTP4W can not write in local file (disk full)
FTPERR_CANTCREATESOCKET	No more free sockets (Two sockets are needed)
FTPERR_TRANSFERREFUSED	the server refused the STOR command
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid
—	FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

## FtpSendPasswd

This function sends the password to the server.

Syntax: FtpSendPasswd (LPSTR szPasswd)

Argument: szPasswd: Password of the user

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	User is logged on
FTPERR_ENTERACCOUNT	Successful function but server awaits an account name.
FTPERR_LOGINREFUSED	The USER/PASSWD has been rejected
FTPERR NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
-	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

### FtpSendUserName

This function sends the user's name to the server. This authentification is necessary to begin a file transfer.

This function will usually return the "error-like" return value: FTPERR\_ENTERPASSWORD (Successful function but server awaits a password). It means only that everything is just fine, it is simply reminding them that it still needs the password.>

Syntax: FtpSendUserName (LPSTR szUserName)

Argument: szUserName: Name of the user

Return Codes:	
FTPERR_OK	User is logged on
FTPERR_ENTERPASSWORD	Successful function but server awaits a password.
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection.

### FtpSetDefaultPort / FtpSetDefaultTimeOut

Syntax: int FtpSetDefaultPort (int nDefPort) int FtpSetDefaultTimeOut (int nTimeOutInSeconds)

These functions are used to change either the FTP-control port (21 by default) or the timeout (30 seconds by default). Note that the FTP-data potr can not be changed.

The new timeout is given in seconds.

### FtpSetNewDelay / FtpSetNewSlices

Syntax: int FtpSetNewDelay (int nNewDelayInMilliseconds) int FtpSetNewSlices (int nSliceAlone, int nSliceMultiUser)

When a given number of frames has been received during a data transfer, FTP4W will wait for a while in order to let other tasks run.

FtpSetNewDelay allows the application to change the length of the pause. The argument is the length of the pause to be applied in milliseconds.

FtpSetNewSlices is used to change the number of frames which will cause a pause. The first argument is the number of frames when one FTP session are active, the second argument is used when two or more sessions are active. Both arguments should not be set to zero.

### **FtpSetPassiveMode**

Syntax: void FtpSetPassiveMode (BOOL bPassif)

These command requests the FTP-server to "listen" on a data port and to wait for a connection rather than initiate one upon receipt of a transfer command.

These command is not implemented on all FTP-server, and thus the application must check the return code of the next data-transfer (FtpRecvFile, FtpSendFile, FtpDir).

Note: If FtpInit has not been called, these calls will cause a GPF.

Arguments: bPassif TRUE if the application wants to switch to passive mode, FALSE if it wants to reset the default mode.

Return codes: FTPERR\_OK

Mode has been changed

# FtpSetType

This function changes the default transfer type.

Syntax: FtpSetType (char cType)

Argument: cType: new default transfer mode (either TYPE\_A or TYPE\_I)

Return Codes: FTPERR_OK FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	Type has been changed Session has not been initialized by FtpInit User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED FTPERR_NOREPLY	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FIPERK_NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply. FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

#### FtpSetVerboseMode

If a programmer needs to have a look on each frame sent by the server, he uses this function. He will get a message (by the **SendMessage** function) each time a frame has been received. The argument wParam is TRUE, IParam points to the frame. It is NULL-terminated but can contain p more than one line (a line is ended with <CR><LF>).

Note that the frame will be overwritten by the next reply from the server.

Syntax: FtpSetVerboseMode (BOOL bVerboseMode, WND hWnd, WMSG wMsg)

Arguments:

bVerboseMode TRUE if the application wants to watch incoming messages, FALSE to end a previous FtpSetVerboseMode hWnd the handler of the window to which the message is to be passed the application-defined message to be

wMsg the application-defined message to be passed to the application each time a frame has been received.

Return codes FTPERR\_OK FTPERR\_NOTINITIALIZED

Mode has been changed session has not been initialized by FtpInit

### FtpSyst

This command asks to the server the system on which it is running.

The return code is either a FTP4W error code (FTPERR\_NOREPLY, FTPERR\_SENDREFUSED, ...). or the index into the array of strings passed as an argument.

The argument given is an array of pointers to string. Each string should contain a possible system name. The final pointer must be NULL The function returns the index of the string whose contents matches the answer returned by the server. If no system name has been found, FTPERR\_SYSTUNKNOWN is returned.

In the given strings, upper and lower case characters are to be treated identically.

Since the position of the system's name in the host's answer is unknown, it can not be returned in a buffer. If the application wants to have the full host's answer, it must either use the verbose mode (FtpsetVerboseMode) or use the FtpQuote command.

Syntax FtpSyst (LPSTR FAR \*szSystStr)

Arguments: szSystStr An array of strings that contains the system names to be checked.

#### Return Codes:

The index of the array of strings	
FTPERR_NOTINITIALIZED	Session has not been initialized by FtpInit
FTPERR_SYSTUNKNOWN	The server has returned a string, but its answer does not match with the array of strings given as argument.
FTPERR_NOTCONNECTED	User is not connected to a remote host
FTPERR_SENDREFUSED	FTP4W can not send the data (network is down)
FTPERR NOREPLY	FTP4W has received no reply.
-	FTP4W does not close the connection socket (use
	FtpLocalClose).
FTPERR_UNEXPECTEDANSWER	FTP4W has received a reply. But this reply is not a valid FTP answer. FTP4W does not close the connection

Example:

static char \*szSystem[] = { "Unix", "VMS", "Dos", NULL };

Rc=FtpSyst (szSystem); printf ("System %s", Rc==FTPERR\_SYSTUNKNOWN ? "Unknown": szSystem[Rc]);